Bibliography

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<u>List all sources that you read for your research</u>, even if you ended up using only a little information from them in your final paper. All sources should be listed in alphabetical order according to the last name of the author, like the examples below. If there is no author, use the title of the work to guide your alphabetizing. If a citation takes more than one line, indent the additional lines by one tab stop (Note: You may need to press "Enter" to enable you to indent the second line.). <u>Center the title (Bibliography) on the first line of the page</u>, above your listing of sources, and remember that your bibliography page should be double spaced, just like the rest of the paper.

Internet Source

McGillicuddy, Francis. "The Worst High School in the World." 15 Nov. 2014. http://www.internetsite.org/worst.html

[Use the date that you viewed this article online. Since links are constantly changing, this gives people an idea if they'll be able to find your source for themselves.]

Dictionary/Encyclopedia Article

"Hats." Encyclopedia Americana. 2004 ed.

Periodicals

Magazine Articles

Neddy, Ned. "The Brave New World." The Economist 12 Mar. 1947: 13-18.

[Pay attention to the way that the date is given in this reference. Also note that there is no period after the name of the magazine.]

Journal Articles

Gilly, Fredrick, and Barbara Jones. "Changing Shoes to Change Schools." <u>Journal of Educational</u> <u>Excellence</u> 27 (2000): 45-6.

[In this case, the "27" refers to the issue number of this journal, "2000" tells the year of publication, and the article's page numbers are at the end.]

Newspaper Articles

Stanley, Harris. "Hard Hat Woes." New York Times 19 Aug. 2005, 3A.

[If the article is continued on a later page, add a "+" after listing the page number on which it starts. If the sections are labeled with numbers rather than letters, then your citation would read, "19 Aug. 2005, sec. 1:3." to show that the article is found on page three of section one.]

Books

One Author

Newbury, Louis. Hair Style Design. Los Angeles: Newbury Publishers, 1946.

Two or Three Authors

Billicky, Jill M., and Millie Resnick. Some Days. Bloomington, IN: Little Pen Publishing, 1994.

Four or More Authors

Wilson, Donn, et al. Mysteries of the Deep. Boyd's Mill, NJ: Boyd's Mill Press, 1987.

No Author

Harper's Bazaar Beauty Book. New York: Appleton Publishing Co., 1959.

One Essay/Chapter from a Book

Dingle, Anne. "The Formation of Great Minds." <u>The Art of Knowing</u>. Ed. Paul B. Wilson. 2nd ed. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1992. 297-304.

[You will definitely need to include the name of the author, the title of the chapter, and the title of the book. If the book has an editor listed, his/her name is also included ("Ed."), as is the edition of the book ("ed."), if it is given. Finally, end your entry with the page numbers of the chapter or article that you referenced.]

[More details about book listings:

The **state** abbreviation is only included for publishing houses located in small towns, but not for those in well-known cities (e.g. Topeka, KS as opposed to New York).

If you relied on just one chapter or short section of a book, either cite the chapter that you used or cite the book, but list the page numbers that you read at the end of your citation rather than citing the entire book as your source.]

CD-ROM

"Aviation." Encyclopedia Brittanica. CD-ROM. Vers. 1.0. Jerusalem: Judaica Multimedia, 1997.

[Include article name, name of CD-ROM, city of production, CD-ROM publisher, date of publication of version used, if available.]

TV or Radio Programs

"An Interview with Bob Dylan." Walter Cronkite Live. CNBC. WHJV, Chicago. 17 Dec. 1991.

Video/DVD

A Look Back: From Hair to There. DVD. Virginia Productions, 1979. 94 min.

<u>Interview</u>

Larceny, Larry. United States Senator. Personal Interview. 29 Apr. 2000.

[Include the name of the person you interviewed, followed by their position—why they have expertise that is relevant to your paper.]

Pamphlet - cite a in the same way you would cite a book.

Check the following websites for more information:

~Purdue Online Writing Lab (Purdue OWL)

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/02/

~Cornell University Library https://www.library.cornell.edu/research/citation/mla

Bibliography makers like "EasyBib" are also available, though some involve a cost.